CHEMUNG COUNTY. Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Nov. 13, 1856. I hasten to give you the official returns of the election in this old Democratic county. FREMONT's majority is 875, and our whole County ticket is elected by over seven hundred majority. PARKER, our member of Conseven hundred majority. PARKER, our member of Congress, has but 548 majority. The Know-Nothings, in part abandoned their candidate and voted largely for HATHAWAY, the Buchanan candidate. Mr. PARKER, however, is reflected by about 5,000 majority in this (XXVII) District.

The following is the aggregate vote cast in this county for the several candidates.

ST. LAWRENCE CLAIMS THE BANNER.

Yours.

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune. OGDENSBURGH, Nov. 12, 1856. I notice that a correspondent in your issue of the 10th itst from Harford, Cortland County, claimed for that town the banner, as having given the largest proportionate majority of any town in the State for the Republican ticket. Although Harford has done nobly, St. Lawrence not only claims to be the banner county, the very Gibralter of Republican Democracy, but also insists that she contains within her borders the banner towns of the State. Our majority in this county over Buchanan is 7,748; over Fill-no-more, 8,366; over both, 6,416. Such is the contribution of the independent fermers, mechanics, and laboringmen of old St. Lawrence to the cause of Human Freedom, and in behalf of civil at d religious liberty.

Harford casts a fraction over 10 out of every 11 votes

Harlord casts a traction over 10 out of every 11 votes for Frimont.

Stockholm, in this county, is our banner town. It cast 825 votes—775 for Fremont, 29 for Buchanan, and 21 for Fillmore, averaging 15] for Fremont out of every 16½ votes cast. The town of Fine gave us 14 out of every 15 votes cast. Lawrence gives us 10 1.5 out of every 11 1.5 votes cast, and Parishville is a fraction

of every 11 1.5 votes cast, and Parishville is a fraction short of 10 out of every 11 votes.

Fine gave the greatest proportionate vote for Fremont except Stockholm, and the least against Fillmere. The latter gentleman was not known as a candidate in that town, there being 55 votes for Fremont, 4 for Buchanan, and none for Fillmore. If any county has done better than St. Lawrence, or any towns better than the above, let them stand forth and was the beauty shall be awayded them.

speak; the honor shall be awarded them.

1. e opposition to true Republicanism in this county is hardly strong enough to make a campaign interesting.

Yours truly,

THE RE-ELECTION OF GEN. SPINNER.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune. Sin: In your issue of the 10th you speak of Messrs. MATTESON and BENNETT meeting a coalition of Sham-Democracy and Pro-Slavery Know-Nothingism, but say nothing of our gallant SPISNER meeting and "crushing out" the same thing, though he is spoken of in the same article. The contest in this District was a singlehanded one; there was none of Midshipman Easy's handed one; there was none of Midshipman Easy's triangular duel about it. The Border-Ruffian Democracy nominated Elwin Dodge, a Caas-Hunker Democrat, who was adopted by the Hindoos, and received the joint support of these political Siamese twins. This same Dodge was the Know-Nothing and pseudo-Democratic candidate for State Senstor last Fall, and was beaten by Judge Clark in this county by more than 1,000. Two years ago he supported and urged others to support N. S. Benton, the K. N. candidate, and last Fall the K. N. candidate for Canal Commissioner, and subsequently Auditor of the Hindoo Canal Board. To defeat Mr. Spinner, the District was flooded by a forged pamphlet, purporting to be signed by the Herkimer County Democratic Committee, charging him with being an "Infidel," a "Deist," denouncing our Savier as "an impostor, the illegitimate offspring of a "prostituted mother," &c. Forged telegraphic dispatches were sent to and circulated by leading Democratis in this county, averring the truth of the pamphlet, to be set affoat the day before election. It is due to that Committee to say that they repudiate both the pamphlet and the dispatches, and pronounce them base forgeries. It was this kind of reckless and shameless warfare that we were compelled to contend against, but the emphatic 9,000 majority by which we reelect our faithful representative is a stinging rebuke to these assassins of character, and an admonition to the representatives of the people everywhere, that they have only to adhere courageously to the right, to meet the triangular duel about it. The Border-Ruffian Democsentatives of the people everywhere, that, to meet the only to adhere courageously to the right, to meet the verdict—"Well done, good and faithful servant." We would make the majority larger if we could hold the election again to morrow.

S. Lawrence. election again to morrow.

Codemburgh, N. Y., Nov. 12, 1856.

LESSONS FOR THE FUTURE.-A most intelligent friend in St. Lawrence county, in a private letter accompanying the official returns from that county observes:

county observes:

"Our great success, in this county, is due to our system of close and minute township and school district organization and canvassing, holding an immense number of small meetings, by which alone the doubtful minds can be reached, and spending no money in efforts to get up monster demonstrations or parades.

"If Pennsylvania had been worked up but half as well, we should now be rejoicing in Fremont's elec-

tion.
"But perhaps it is better as it is. God knows, with men rests the responsibility of action, with Him are the results."

CLOSE VOLING .- John H. Ketcham (Repub.) is chosen to the Assembly from the Ist District of Dutchess County by one majority: Ketcham, 1,704; Emans, 1,703. Judge Scott (Buch.) is reelected in Saratoga Co. by two majority; David Whiting (Buch.) in Greene by three. Orange elected two or the three Buchanan candidates by very close votes. Fulton and Hamilton elect the Buchanan and Fillmore coalition candidate over the Republican, reducing the Republican strength in the House to 81; all others, 47.

MAINE .- Returns from 128 towns in the State foot up as follows: Fremont, 36,681; Buchanau, 20,542; Fillmore, 2,132. Fremont's majority in the entire State cannot fall far short of 20,000-which is an increase of several thousands on Hamlin's majority in

The Member of Assembly heretofore in doubt from Orange County, is a Democrat. The House now stands Republicans, 81; Democrats, 39; Know-Noth-

Gov. King, Lieut.-Gov. Selden, Gov. Seward, Senators Spencer, Wadsworth, Upham, Kelly, Secretary of State Leavenworth and other officials are at Congress Hall, Albany.

RAILWAY CELEBRATION. - The celebration of the opening of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, from Quebec nearly to Lake Huron, came off at Montreal on Wednesday. The principal feature was a splendid banquet, at which speeches were made by the Mayor of Montreal; the Governor-General of Canada; Senator Wilson of Massachusetts; Sir Wm. Eyre, commander of the British forces in Canada; Col. Tache of the Canadian Parliament; Gov. Kent of Maine; Judge Day; the Mayor of Toronto, and others. The city wa thronged with strangers from all parts of Canada and the Northern States. During the day there was a grand procession of the people, and a torchlight pro-

Personal.—The Churchman says that the Bishop of Illinois (Dr. Whitehouse) tendered his resignation of that discret to the House of Bishops, but that it was not accepted.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION. NEW-YORK-[OFFICIAL.]

Albany. 6,436
Broome 4,298
Cattaraugus (except 3 dista.) 4,776
"Cayuga. 7,040
"Chautanque. 7,035 1,590 1 815 1,818 1,790 2,507 2,129 3,020 1,181 2,107 4,039 7,537 1,173 1,541 1,374 1,430 2,346 Chemung. 2,630 Chenango. 5,483 760 1,028 1,307 1,981 628 2,009 2,013 5,523 956 1,149 1,034 1,105 1,533 117 1,230 1,058 8,634
 "Cortland.
 3,818

 "Delaware.
 4,367

 "Dutchess.
 5,512

 Erie.
 6,791

 "Essex.
 2,904

 Franklin.
 1,449

 "Fulton.
 2,604
 Fulton.....Genesce....
 Greene
 2,164

 "Hemilton
 149

 "Herkimer
 5,074

 "Jefferson
 8,249
149	2346	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	Average	Aver 3,070 1,713 19,889 2,096 1,612 1,724 2,194 2,170	Ontario	4,561
Orange	4,235																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
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Others	6																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
 Oswego
 6,373

 Otsego
 6,373

 *Putnam
 962

 *Queens
 1,886

 *Renselect
 5,153

 *Richmond
 736

 *Reckland
 668

 *Section
 4,524
 479 2,523 4,469 947 892 2,581 1,213 1,630 1,095 2,394 4,415 1,550 1,526 2,447 787 2,837 982 1,625 1,950 3,236 2,045 1,548 1,440 4,036 1,632 1,999 4,600 1,912 461 1 265 1,332 2,033
 Schuyler
 2,542

 "Seneca.
 2,163

 "St. Lawrence
 9,698

 "Steuben
 7,273

 "Suffolk
 2,393

 "Sullivan
 1,690

 "Tioga.
 3,334

 Tompkins.
 4,073

 "Uster
 2,392

 Warren.
 2,022

 Washington.
 5,174
 1,980 2,037

735 1,848 1,450 3,641 571 351 Vyoming..... Yates 2,994

NEW-TERSEV-LOfficial I Ocean 992
Passaic 1,422
Salem 432
Somerset 1,295
Sussex 1,601
Warren 1,596 350

tal.....28,307 47,412 24,091 38,556 44,305 aman over Fremont, 19,105; Fremont and Fillmonan, 4,986; Pierce over Scott, 5,749. .9,678 7,351 10,004 7,199 7,731 6,449 Clawson, 2,327; do. for Newell, 2,305; do. for Total... Haywood, 1,292.

Dist. II. Robbins. Wall. Newell. Alex'r. H'wood. Price.
Burlington. 4,107 5,750 4,663 3,714 3,611 3,345
Mercer. 3,204 2,870 3,152 2,916 2,171 2,355
Mercer. 3,204 3,376 2,900 3,234 2,030 2,844
Ocean. 1,157 696 1,322 511 1,020 404

....11,723 10,692 12,037 10,495 8,832 5,945 for Robbins, 1,031; do. for Newell, 1,542; do. for 1,949 1,344 966 2,355 9,129 7,918 9,467 Osborne, 3,253; maj. for Alexa Total.5,876

Worten-Alexan-Hay-dyke, Newell, der. wood. 6.612 8,477 7,692 5,587 2,540 2,766 2,783 1,453 V. Dodd. Betts. E-sex..4,821 4,197 Hudson 1,659 1,443 5,640 9,152 11,203 10,385 6,990 6,581 Total.6,480 TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

2,414 3,237 4,850 934 812 3,686 216 560

666 1,168 566 521 7,892 270 1,264 2,188 1,458 443 509 3,861 4,541 1,429

230,500 460,295 55, 991 26,338 229.676 Total vote for Buchanan. 230,500 Union Vote .. | Fremont 265,838

Washington, 7 in Bradford, 2 in Wyoming, and 2 in Susque-sana.—Total 18.

The vote for the Union ticket, as reported at Harris-burg, is 203,556, while the combined vote of Freemont and Filla-ore on the Union ticket as given above, is only 203,328. or 218 less. This is owing to so ne sersatch-ing on the Union ticket. The actual majority of Ba-chanan over the Union ticket proper is 26,944, and over all 487.

The above result varies materially from that announced in vesterday's Bulletin. This is owing to the fact that our correspondent at Harrisburg had reported the Union vete in one county a thousand too high. The correction only came to-day.

Our correspondent at Harrisburg says:

"There are some strange results in some counties which are hard to account for. For instance: In Lebsbon County the vote for Irwin and Edwards is 3,119; for the other Union electors, 2,901. Buckslew, McCandless and Nebinger have 2,511; other Buchanan electors, 2,421. In many counties the united vote for Fremout and Fillmore differs from the vote for Irvin. In Wayne County the vote for Buckslew is 2,259, and the rest of County the vote for Buckalew is 2,259, and the rest of the Buchanan electors have but 1,780; and the united vote of Frement and Fillmore is 2,248, while Irvin and the other Union electors have only 2,047 votes."

MARYLAND .- [Official.] 982 13,074 3,279 389 570 2,252 1,785 3,745 1,983 806 1,090 772 859 1,474 192 671 2,639 1,238 47,462......39,451 42,153 Total .. 39,115

> THE XXXVTH CONGRESS, AS FAR AS ELECTED.

THE SENATE-(62 Members.)

THE SENATE—(62 Members.)

ALABAMA. MICHIGAN.
Clement C. Clay, jr. 1,259
Benj. Fitzpatrick. 1361
William K. Sebastian. 1859
Robert W. Johnson. 1361
James Diron. 1863
Lafayette S. Foster. 1863
Vacancy 1863
Vacancy 1863
A Democrat. 1859
A Democrat. 1859
SEW-YORK. 1861
Vacancy 1863
A Republican. 1859
A Republican. 1859
A Republican. 1859
A Republican. 1859
A Democrat. 1863
William R. Seward. 1861
A Democrat. 1863
A Democrat. 1863
A Democrat. 1863 A Democrat. 1863 A Hermotrat.

A Democrat. 1893 A Democrat. 1890 William Wright.

A Democrat. 1890 William Wright.

A Democrat. 1890 William Wright. A Democrat. 1859 William Wright. 1859
A Democrat. 1863 David S. Reid. 1859
David L Yulee 1861 Ass Biggs 1861
Robert Toombs 1859 Beajamia F Wade. 1863
Alfred Iverson 1861 George E Pugh. 1861
INDIANA 1863 A Democrat. 1861 Henry Wisson Loo R. M. T. Hunter
MARYLAND. WISSOSSIN.
ANTHONY KENNEDY 1963 A Republican
James A. Pearce 1961 Charles Durkee
Jefferson Davis.
Albert G. Brown RECAPITULATION BY FIGURES.

Democrats (in Roman)

Republicans (in Italies)

vacancies and doubtful.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Two hundred and thirty-four Members. Dist.
ARKANSAS,
1.*Alfred B. Greenwood.
DELAWARE.
1. William G. Whitley.
FLORIDA.
1. George S. Hawkins.

1. George S. Hawkins.
1LLIVOIX.
2. John E. Farnsporth.
3. Oven Lovejoy.
4. William Kellegg.
S. Samuel S. Marshall.

indiana.

6. James M. Grigg.
6. James W. Grigg.
7. John G. Davis.
8. James Wilson.
9. Schupler Colfax.
10. Samuel Brenton.
11. John U. Pettit. 10WA.

2. Timothy Davie.

MAINE.

4. Freeman H. Mo
5. Ierael Washbur
6. Stephen C. Fost 1. Samel R. Curtie. 1.* John M. Wood. 2. Charles J. Gitman. 3. Nebeniah Abbott. Freeman H. Morse, Israel Washburn, jr. Stephen C. Foster.

Sachusetts.
7. Nathaniel P. Banks.
8. Chauncey L. Knapp.
9. Ely Thayer.
10. Calein C. Chafee.
11. Henry L. Dowes. 1.*Robert B. Hall. 2.*James Buffinton. 3.*William S. Damrell. 4.*Linus B. Comins.

1. William A. Howard. 2. Henry Waldron. URI. 5. SAMUEL H. WOODSON. 6. John S. Phelps. 7. Samuel Caruthers. ...Francis P. Blair, jr.

NEW-JERSEY. 4...John Huyler. 5...Jacob R. Wortendyke. 1.*Isaiah D. Classon. 2.*George R. Robbins. 3..Garnet B. Adrian. TORK.

17. Francis E. Spinner.
18. Clark B. Cochrane.
19. Oliver A. Morze.
29. Orasmus B. Matteson.
23. Charles B. Hoard.
24. Amos P. Granger.
25. Edwin B. Morgan.
25. Edwin B. Morgan.
26. Emory B. Pottle.
27. John M. Parker.
29. Samuel G. Andreus.
30. Judeon W. Sherman.
31. Silan H. Sterman.
32. Israel T. Haich.
4. French. 1. John A. Searing.
2. George Taylor.
3. Daniel E. Sickles.
4. John Keily.
5. William B. Maclay.
6. John Cochrane.
7. Elljah War.
9. John B. Haskin.
10. *Ambrose L. Murray.
11. William F. Russell.
12. John Thompson.
13. Abraham B. Olin.
14. Erastus Corning.

HIO.

11. *Valentine B. Horton,
12. Sanuel S. Cox,
13. John Sherman,
14. *Philemon Bliss,
16. Cydnor B. Thompson,
T. William Lawrence,
12. *Benjamin Leiter,
19. *Edward Wude,
20. John A. Bingham.

10. Joseph Miller, PENSYLVANIA.

13. William H. Dimmick.

14. Galusha A. Grose.

15. Alison White.

16. John J. Abel.

17. Wilson Relly.

18. John R. Edse.

29. William Montgomery.

71. David Ritchie.

21. David Ritchie.

22. Samuel A. Purviance.

24. J. Gilliam Stewart.

25. John Dick. 1. *Thomas B. Florence.
2. Edward J. Morris.
3. James Landy.
4. Henry M. Phillips.
5. Owen Jones.
6. John Hickman.
7. Henry Chaman.
8. J. Glancy Jones.
9. *Anthony E. Roberts.
10. *John C. Kunkel.
11. William L. Dewart.
12. John G. Montgomery.

south Carolina.
4. Preston S. Brooks.
5. James L. Orr.
t. 6. William W. Boyce. 3. *Lawrence M. Keitt. 1. Ezckiel P. Walton. 2. *Justin S. Morrill. 3. Homer E. Royce.

Wiscossix. 2. *Cadwallader C. Washburne.
2. *Cadwallader C. Washburne.
*Members of the present Congress.
Buchaners, in Roman. 62
Republicans, in Halies. 85
Know-Nothings, in SMALL CAPS. 3

TALL PISTOL SHOOTING.—Col. Hay, of the British army, recently tried his hand with the Volcanic Repeating Pistol, a Yankee invention. The pistol used on the occasion was an 8-inch barrel, which discharges nine balls in rapid succession. The Colonel fired the arm 27 times, making a number of shots which would do credit to a rifleman. He first fired at an 8-inch diameter target at 100 yards, putting nine balls inside the ring. He then moved back to a distance of 200 yards, and fired nine balls more, kitting the target seven times. He then moved back 100 yards further a distance of 300 yards from the mark, and placed five of the nine balls inside the ring and hitting the "bull's

KANSAS.

PROGRESS OF BORDER-RUPFIAN JUS-TICE-GOV. GEARY, &c. LAWRENCE, K. T., Nov. 6, 1856.

All of last week and the first portion of this was consumed by the Court at Lecompton in trying fifteen of the prisoners, who were arraigned together on a variegated indictment, beginning with manulaughter and ending with horse stealing or felony. After a persevering effort they only succeeded in getting a witness to identify one of the lot as having been at Hickory Point on the day of the engagement, and, after they had done so, he made an alibi, by proving that he was at Grasshopper Falls that day. There being no testimony whatever on which to base a conviction, after a determined effort the Court was obliged to discharge them last Tuesday. They were accordingly discharged, but immediately afterward, by one of those violentlyirregular and despotic movements to which the prostituted Pro-Slavery Courts in the Territory have so often lent themselves, seven of them were immediately rearrested, on some trumped-up charge or another, and remanded to their miserable prison and the tender mercies of Col. Titus and his mercenaries.

The other eight, the first that have thus got away, made the best of their way to Lawrence on Tuesday evening. The situation in which they were on account of their long and miserable imprisonment, is indescribable and shocking in the extreme. Such was their extreme state of filth that on Tuesday night they had to spend the night in a barn, much more comfortable quarters than they have had for many long weeks. Plenty of citizens there were who would have received and welcomed the sufferers; but it would have been a sort of pollution, and the prisoners themselves did not desire it. Yesterday the Committee engaged themselves in procuring other clothes for them. So much for these eight, but alas for the seven remanded back to their sufferings! Ay! and alas! for the eighty-three more who have thus suffered, and suffer still! There may be, yes, there are many in our common country who care little for Freedom, and as little for constitutional rights, but surely there is not one human be ing who is not totally destitute of feeling but must shudder at the cruel enormities perpetrated under the iron hand of our despotic Government, who re-morsely turn the Free-State settlers into the hands

of their enemies.

The prisoner, Mr. Boyden, who was convicted more than a week ago of manslaughter, for having been at Hickory Point, received his sentence this week: namely, six years imprisonment in the penitentiary. We have no penitentiary in Kansas, and I am at a loss to guess whether they will be consigned to the hospitalities of Missouri, at Jefferson City, or if dependence will be placed in the state of the constitution of the constituti City, or if dependence will be placed in the chari-table provision for a chain gang, with the ball affixed, made by the bogus Legislature. On sen-tence being rendered, Mr. Parrott, counsel for the prisoner, moved for a new trial, and after some argument the motion was granted by Lecompte. The Court is now busy trying him over again, and the rest of the unfortunates wait and watch. There have been no further deaths among them, and the weather is colder now, but it will be impossible for human nature to endure such suffering much longe without further fatal results.

It appears that the Grand Jury are finding bills

of indictment—from murder in the first degree down to larceny—against every man who was engaged, or supposed to be engaged, in any of the skirmishes of Angust, and even those of June and

skirmishes of Angust, and even those of June and July. This legal persecution appears to be interminable, and will probably last as long as there is a Free-State settler left in Kansas.

Although Gov. Geary left the southern part of the Territory four or five days ago, he had not arrived at Lecompton at the latest advices from that quarter. I have just heard a report that he has started East for Washington. This is merely rumor, but is very current. It would be something singular if he should return to Washington just now, at the very moment when there is a strong probability of an outbreak. Perhaps he, and those who employ him, do not care whether

strong probability of an outbreak. Perhaps he, and those who employ him, do not care whether there is an outbreak now or not.

I learned one pleasant little incident of his gubernatorial consideration that is almost worth relating. While at Osawatamie, and while dining there, he, in the presence of Mr. Patridge and several others, while speaking of himself (his favorite topic), observed, "I am monarch here," repeating it in the same or similar language.

That our present Democratic Administration should have so far progressed in the art of government as to have satellite monarchs such as King

ment as to have satellite monarchs such as King John W. I. of Kansas, is natural enough, and is in full keeping with its progress and the direction it has been taking for the past lew years. I have been a little puzzled to know, however, what kind of a monarchy has been established in Kansas. It certainly is not a constitutional monarchy—any one could testify to that; so we are driven toward the alternative of an absolute, with the slight qualifriend drawback of "Chambers," in the shape of a bogus Legislature, and Missouri, as an important and essential wheel in the conglomerated political

Deputy Marshal Faim has not arrested Capt. Walker or Lieut. Harvey yet, but does not appear to give up hopes but what he will. Col. Titus and to give up hopes but what he will. Col. Titus and his men, who constitute his posse, have been "coming," but, through a complication of circumstances which clearly illustrates their prudence, have as yet failed to make their appearance. To attack a camp of eighty-four well-armed "militia," who are resolved to fight, is not a small matter to begin with, and the difficulties increase considerably when we recollect that Lawrence with some 200 or 300 men, who might feel interested, is just at hand. men, who might feel interested, is just at hand. Whatever the faults of the Border Ruffians may be, they have a considerate regard about taking their men into too great danger. Deputy Faim has been trying stratagem for the past few days, and several of Titus's men have been spying about the "mili-tia" camp. Still I think they will not attempt an attack unless they get more assistance. The weather is cold and squally.

We are often asked to point out some sure means of forwarding aid in money or clothing to the destitute and suffering Free-State men of Kansas. Our uniform rep'y-which we cannot find time to write in answer to each inquiry-points to the National Kansas Aid Committee, of which Thaddeus Hyatt of this city is President, and W. F. M. Arny of Chicago is General Agent, as the appropriate channel. Those who wish to place money at the disposal of relatives or friends in Kansas can have it transmitted to Lawrence through this channel. The following appeal has just been issued:

The following appeal has just been issued:

THANKSGIVING OFFERING TO KANSAS.

To the Christian Churches and Congregations who propose to observe the annual Thanksgiving.

The National Kansas Ald Committee earnestly call your attention to the destitations and sufferings of the pioneers of civilization and Christianity in Kansas.

W. F. M. Arny, esq., General Agent of the National Committee, has recently made a tour of observation through that important Territary, to obtain an accurate knowledge of the necessities of the people. He has made such arrangements that if sufficient "material aid" shall be furnished by the first of December, it can be, and without fail will be, distributed in every needy cabin and tent in the Territory.

The whole country are aware, we presume, that the picneers in Kansas are in perishing need of clothing and provisions, but the extent of their sufferings and destitution we cannot well appreciate. Thousands have been robbed of their crops, their cattle, horses, wagons, farming utensils, and household possessious, clothing. &c., and have been driven from their houses and claims, by marauding bands of armed mea. Scores of families have hed nothing to eat for monshs but green pumpkins and grated or pounded corn, and many of them have new neither hats nor shoes, nor clothing to cover their persons.

About 100Fof the men—husbands, fathers, cultiva-

About 100 of the men-husbands, fathers, cultivators of the roil, and the sole dependence of their fami-lies—have been arrested on the pretended charge of murder, and have been confined in one small shanty— filthy, unwashed, half starved, without any change of

now pending.

In the midst of the abundant blessings of a bountiful Providence, and enjoying such privileges as have fallen to the lot of no other people, we carnestly solicit that a collection or contribution be made in each church and congregation, on the day of our annual Thankigiving or on the succeeding Sabbath, is all of the surfixed every denomination, a box of clotheng and a fursh of every denomination, a box of clotheng and a fursh of Monry be at once forwarded to Kansas. Such donations of money or clothing may be sent directly to W. F. M. Arny, eq., Chicago, Ill. (paying the freight when possible), or to Thaddeus Hyatt, esq., No. 120 West Broadway, N. Y. In either case they will be forwarded safely and speedily to Kansas.

Whatever is sent to Chicago or to New-York, the donors are urged to inform Mr. Hyatt or the subscriber, by mail, stating the amount of money, where and when sent, and, as near as may be, a list of the articles of clothing &c., and the estimated value of the whole. We are very happy to say that the ladies of New-York are at work with devotion and energy, and we trust much of the fruits of their labors will be gathered in by the 20th inst., and that Kansas will receive their bounty early in December.

Ten or twelve cleryymen of New-York have expressed their cordial approval of this appeal, but time has not permitted such an array of names as would do justice to the feelings of the pastors of the city, many of whom have commenced the work in their own congregations.

In bahalf of Thaddeus Hyatt, esq. Chairman of the

congregations.
In bahalf of Thaddeus Hyatt, esq , Cheirman of the National Kansas Aid Committee, now in session a Chicago.

Chicago. CHARLES J. WARREN.

New-York, Nov. 10, 1856.

Editors and conductors of the Press are respectfully requested to give the above an insertion and a brief notice.

THE TRIBUNE KANSAS FUND.

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BOSTON HALL OF ARTS.

A suitable place in Boston where fresh achievement in art and invention can be seen together at all timesa headquarters of ingenuity and industry-a central Industrial Exchange—has long been wanted. Occasional exhibitions only make this want more deeply felt. For this reason it is now proposed to open to ex-hibitors, and the public, a large and commodious place, on terms which, it is believed, will be highly advantageous to both.

The building, two entire stories of which will be de voted to this purpose, under the denomination of the HALL OF ARTS, stands near the United States Hotel, with a front of 210 feet on Lincoln street, to the east, and 50 feet on Essex street, to the north. The lower

Every exhibitor will be allowed free admission for himself, and to keep in attendance a person or persons necessary to take care of his exhibition, but not to introduce visitors without tickets.

By this arrangement every exhibitor may sell tickets enough to reimburse himself for the reat he pays and still have some left with which to gratify his friends. He will find his own show-case, stand, counter shaft, pulleys, belting, or whatever fixture may be necessary for his exhibition, which will be his own property, but will be responsible for no part of the general expenses. The rooms will be warmed, lighted, and kept in order at the expense of the proprietor.

The allotment of space and the general arrangement of articles must conform to the plan of the Superintendent.

of articles must conform to the plan of the Superintendent.

The price of a single ticket, admitting one person, will be 25 cents.

A catalogue of all objects in the exhibition will be kept constantly in print, properly revised.

The Hall will be ready for the reception of goods designed for the exhibition by the 20th of December; and it is hoged that the space will be occupied, so that the exhibition will be in operation by Jan. 1, 1857.

Those who would secure space should make application, by letter, to the Superintendent, stating the nature of the articles to be exhibited and the amount of space required.

ELIZUR WRIGHT, Superintendent, No. 13 Avery street, Boston.

THE SPIRIT WORLD.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: I see in your paper of yesterday a thrilling let-ter on the progress of Spiritualism in South America: and, though you intimate a doubt as to the conversion of the Archbishop of Caracas to Spiritualism, spoken of in said letter, I myself have no doubt of the same, when I call to mind the wondrous development an momentum of the Spiritual power in this vicinity. I think I can somewhat surprise you, and perhaps make you a true believer—you who are disposed to trifle a little with your evident faith in the great truth—by narrating several instances of spiritual agency lately exhibited in Boston-all more or less striking and intensely vivid. First: Four of us were sitting around a table-two

ladies and two gentlemen-resting our hands on the edge, and at the same time in personal contact with each other in order to complete the spiritual circle. each other in order to complete the spiritual circle.
One of our number was a young man of unusual intelligence, and genius I may say. He had lately been obliged to go into chancery, having been defrauded by his partner in the wholesale shoe business. He had also had a disappointment in love, which weighed upon his spirits, but to which we, for reasons of delicacy, did not allade. He interrogated the spirits as to what branch of business he should now take up for the purpose of renovating his fortunes; whereapon the medium, one of the ladies, a Miss S., rapped out, "Go into the confectionery business!" Receiving so prompt an answer, he exclaimed, his whole frame racked with emotion, "Is there any female now living to whom I should pay my addresses: and if so, whom?" The medium promptly answered. "Yes, Miss S.!" This was the medium herself, who, covered with confusion, exclaimed at once that she had in vain tried to refrain from speaking those words, but the spirit compelled their utterance. The young man soon after went into the confectionery business, and has succeeded far beyond his expectations; and last month he married Miss S., a young lady of heauty and a high degree of fancy and genius. Their married life is destined to be most happy.

Second: A large party, of which I was one, sat around the table. Hands were placed and the personal contact completed. Then one of the ladies, a Mrs. G., a widow of mature age, commetted to interrogate her

clothing, many of them sick, and one or 'wo had diet at Mr. Arny's visit, solely from their pricentions. From 3,000 to 5,000-mes, woman and children—are now suffering for want of food, and will soon be ready to perish from cold, and many have died from starva don. We commend these Kasass sufferers to your kind consideration and prompt relief. What is done, must be done quickly. Winder will soon be upon them, and it will be difficult to get anything into the Territory but money or light and valuable articles. Plain and stott clothing for men, women and children, blankets and whatever will keep families warm are perishingly needed. Provisions must be furnished at the West, near the Territory; but feat, coffee, rice, sugar, and any groceries that are not bulky, will be most welcome. We want menoy—avoist, to purchase provisions to keep these needle men, women and children from suffering and doath by hanger and cold. We want also special donations to support those prisoners guarded by yet in the lot of no other people, we carnestly solicit that a collection or contribution be made in each church and congregation, on the day of sur anount Thankity-ling or on the succeeding Sabbath, is alto or THE SUFFRIERS IS IN KANSAS; and that from each church of every denomination, a box of clothing and a PURSE of MONEY be at once forwarded to Kansas. Such donations of money or clothing and a PURSE of MONEY be at once forwarded to Kansas. Such donation of the prople, when each church and congregation, on the day of sur anount Thankity-ling or on the succeeding Sabbath, is alto or THE SUFFRIERS IS IN KANSAS; and that from each church and congregation, on the day of sur anount of money where a surface o

-Mr. Giles may rest assured that we conside his stories not only more marvelous but vastly more entertaining than anything we ever heard about the Archbishop of Caracas. So credible though startling a relation, and one so indubitably authenticated, as that concerning Mr. G.'s "bull-terrier" must of course vanquish the most obstinate skepticism; but that of which "Miss S." is the heroine is hardly so conclusive. We can't help suspecting that she, in her normal state, cherishes a fondness for confectionery. Can Mr. Giles shed any light on that point?

ARMY MOVEMENTS.

The ship Hemisphere left this port yesterday with about two hundred and fifty men, rank and file, destined for Florida. The destination of these troops is Fort Myers, near the mouth of the Caloosa River. Companies E and F, Fourth Regiment of Artillery, were taken from Fort Hamilton, and the recruits fro Fort Columbus, on Governor's Island, the other companies of this regiment having sailed previously. The command of the regiment is assigned to Major William W. Morris, he being the senior field officer fit for active duty. The head-quarters of the Fourth will be "in the field" during the campaigning months, and their operations will be in the Evergladee and Hammucks extending from the Big Cypress Swamps in a south-easterly direction. The object of course is to subdue the Indians. Maj.

Morris has been stationed for the last six years at Bedlow's Island and Fort Hamilton. He has had great experience, however, among the Indians. His first service was against Indians in 1819, on the Yellow Stone River, under General Leavenworth. In 1835 during the Seminole War, he commanded a regiment of Creek Volunteers, and has served in all the cam-paigns in Florida since that time. From our knowledge of Major Morris we feel confident that he will use his best exertions to reduce the hostility of the Indian tribes with as little bloodshed or other horrors or severities of war as is possible. A strict and rigid disciplinarian in the army, he is nevertheless generous and humane. During the late severe epidemic at Fort Hamilton he never absented himself from his post, but personally attended to the wants of his men in their sickness as a parent would attend to the wants of his children. Indeed, all the officers who have just left this station gained for themselves a high reputation for their gentlementy bearing, and carry with them the regards and best wishes of all with whom they became

acquainted. The following is a list of the officers on board the

Hemisphere:
Major Monats, Commanding,
Brevet Major Pemberaton,
Capt. Greyt
Capt. Greyt
Capt. Reswy,
Capt. Dr. Ressy,
Lieut. Parkins,
Lieut. Best,
Lieut. Best,
Lieut. Best,

and 50 feet on Essex street, to the north. The lower story is occupied by elegant stores, and the two upper stories, each 14 feet in hight, and comprising together more than 20,000 square feet of floor, will be occupied by the exhibition. Both rooms will have abundance of light on three sides.

Such articles only will be admitted as are deemed by the Superintendent to be of public interest, and worth paying something to see.

Each exhibitor, not occupying more than three square feet of space, will pay a rent of \$4\$ per annum, and for each additional equare foot \$1\$. This rent will be payable quarterly in advance.

For every dollar thus paid the exhibitor will receive the tickets, each giving admission to one person.

Every exhibitor will be allowed free admission for himself, and to keep in attendance a person or persons pricked up a boat with sixteen people, and asked me to picked up a boat with sixteen people, and asked me to take them with me to New-York, because he was afraid that he would be short of water. I consented to it immediately and took fourteen on board; two first cabin passengers stopped in the Bremen vessel— it was Mr. Shuler and wife. The people saved belong to the French steamer Le Lyonnais, who left New-York, Saturday, Nov. 1, for Havre, and in the night between 2 a. m. and 3 a. m., was run into by a large ship, which struck her so heavily aft that next morning, Nov. 3, she was in a sinking state, when the second mate, whom I got on board in the afternoon, left the vessel. Said second mate reported to me he stopped by the ship till next morning, when it commenced blowing, and he believed captain and all left the vessel; they had a raft made, and about 40 persons got on it, and which he believed went to pieces, and lives were lost. Tuesday, the 4th Nov., second mate lost sight of the other boats which left the vessel. The

weather was very foggy.

The following is a list of the passengers on board

the Lyonnais: the Lyonnais:

Mrs. Frances C. Dammer, Mrs. Cors Adelaide Dammer, M. Solemon, Mrs. Strong, Mr. Baily and lady, Philip Guglielmi, J. F. Bassford, lady, children and servant, Don Vincent, Diax Comes, Don Jose de Ulate, lady and servant, Herman Huber and lady, Albert Summer, lady, daughter and servant, J. G. Gibson, Mr. Shedel and lady, Mesrs. Van Luis, C. Beaugrand, E. De Montigny, Traburds, Acello, Laurent Martin and child, E. Rayoit, the Rev. John B. Cocagne, Sanl Sasporta, A. Leuette, De Lestrange, A. Frollen, Mile. Ernestine Bellett. Persons saved and on board the bark were as

follows:
Second mate, Laynire; second engineer, Desfour; sailors and stokers: Dhaupeaut, Nestor, Doublie, Consin, Bienrarme, Jost, Poseaux, Thillaye, and Lumbert. Passengers: Dominiyo, Flora Lulcenen, and Ernestine Bellett.

Flora Lelecene, and Ernestine Beliett.

SMASH-UP ON THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD—ONE MAN KILLED—OTHERS SERIOUSLY INJURED.—The Evening Express, coming east last evening, was thrown off the track about three miles east of Kalamazoo by a T rail placed across the track by some unknown miscreant. A young man named William Willobin, a German, from Cisrence Centre, Buffalo, was sitting in the forward end of the emigrant car, and had his right leg taken off at the knee. He was removed to a house near by and a surgeon called, who dressed the limb, but in a few hours the poor boy was released from his misery by death. A man, name unknown, was severely injured, his collar-bone being broken and his knee being put out of joint. Another man had several ribs broken. A number of others, women and children, were more or less injured. The fireman jumped from the tender, and escaped with but a slight bruise. Mr. Bigelow, the engineer, stood manfully at his post and was overturned with the engine. It was almost a miracle that he escaped with not even the slightest erratch. The train arrived at Detroit ten hours behird time.

Sudder Death.—The Lockport Courier says that Mr. William P. Hilton, of Reynale's Basin, left his house on Monday morning, went to the post-office, and while returning dropped dead in his own door yard. He appeared as well as usual in the morning, and ate a hearty breakfast just before the sad occurrence. Apoplexy was the cause of his death. Mr. Hilton was one of the oldest residents of the county.

Hilton was one of the oldest residents of the county.

SAD CALANITY.—A little daughter, three years old, of Mr. James Frazier, living just below this village, was terribly and fatally scalled on Thursday last, and died on Morday morning, having lingered in great agony until that time. Lis mother had left the room where the child was for a few minutes, in which was a pail of scalding water. It is supposed that the child iell from a chair into the pail, or it may have falled backward; it was found sitting in the pail.

10cth Express,